Waste Management (Food Waste) Regulations 2009

Cork County Council

19 April 2010 Mallow



Summary of Presentation

Background

Overview of Regulations

Your Obligations

EU Landfill Directive 1999/31/EC

- Imposes a ban on landfill of certain wastes
- Certain hazardous wastes
- Liquid wastes
- Tyres
- Biodegradable waste/Organic Waste

Biodegradable Waste

- Capable of undergoing aerobic or anaerobic decomposition, textiles, paper, food, green waste etc
- Organic Waste food waste & green waste



Landfill Directive 1999/31/EC

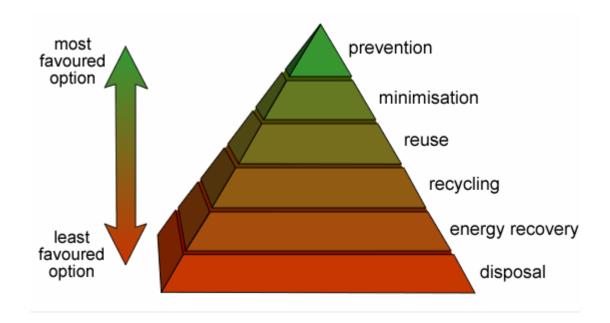
- Restrictions are driven by targets
- Biodegradable Municipal Waste (BMW)

- 75% of baseline (1995) levels by 2010
- 50 % of baseline (1995) levels by 2013
- 35% of baseline (1995) levels by 2016

National Strategy on Biodegradable Waste

- Published 2006
- Sets out measures to divert bio waste from Landfill
- Emphasis on source separation of biodegradable waste by the producer followed by separate collection

Waste Hierarchy



Municipal Waste (2008) – 3.2M Tonnes

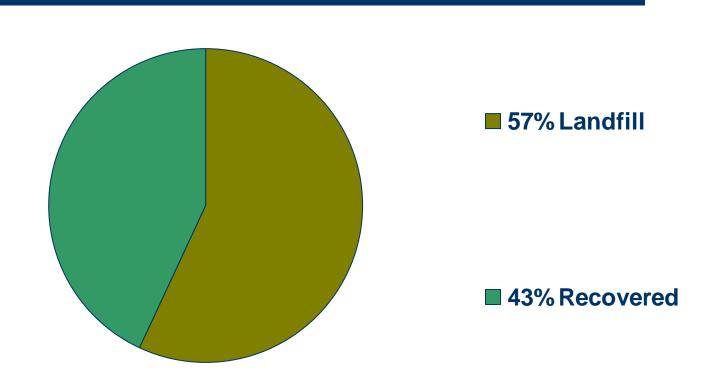
• 63% Landfill



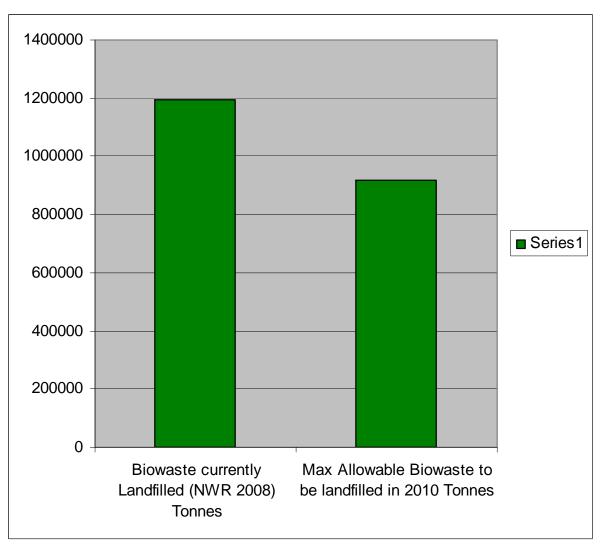
37% Recovery



Biodegradable Waste – 2.1M tonnes



Tonnes of Biodegradable Waste Landfilled



Issues with Bio waste to Landfill

Compliance with EU Obligations – Potential Fines

Greenhouse gas emissions

Odour

Landfill leachate

Waste Management (Food Waste) Regulations

Designed to:

- Promote Segregation of food waste
- Promote Recovery of food waste arising in the commercial sector
- Facilitate achievement of the targets set out in the landfill directive
- Increase the amount of food waste that is recovered

Scope of the Regulations

Food Waste

Arising on the premises of the producers

Set out in Schedule 1 of the Regulations

To Whom do the Regulations Apply?

- Hotels
- Restaurants
- Cafés
- Public Houses
- Guest Houses (>4bed)
- Shops
- Supermarkets
- Chippers (sale of hot food off the premises)

- Hospitals
- Nursing Homes
- Crèches
- State Buildings with canteen
- Educational facilities with canteen
- Stations, Airports, Harbours etc

Regulations do NOT apply to:

- Domestic households
- Food waste from international transport
- Off-shore islands
- Premises located at a community event, which does not require an event licence
 - Such as fair, funfair, bazaar, circus, etc
 - Event shorter than 10 continuous days
 - Event shorter than 20 days in any one yr

When

Main Provisions – 01 July 2010

Exception

 Premises which produce < 50kg per week

Provisions shall apply 01 July 2011

 Written declaration must be made to the Local Authority by 01July 2010

Producer Obligations

 Food waste arising on the premises must be source segregated and kept separate from all other materials

Separate dedicated bin

Producer Obligations

 Segregated food waste must be subjected to an authorised treatment process/facility

- i.e. Composting
- Anaerobic Digestion
- Rendering

Authorised Facility

- A facility that is authorised for the treatment of waste in accordance
 - Waste Management Act & Environmental Protection Act
 - Planning requirements
 - Animal By Products Regulations

Authorised Treatment Facility Compost Facility

Technology – Anaerobic Digestion

Producer Obligations Option 1

 Collected by an authorised waste collector and transferred to an authorised treatment facility,

Option 1

- Written declaration from producer to collector confirming source segregation
- Collector is not obliged to collect food waste where food waste has not been segregated in accordance with the Regulations
- Waste collector required to inform LA of persons refusing to avail of source segregated waste collection service (annually)

Producer Obligations Option 2

- Transferred directly by the producer to an authorised treatment facility
- Authorised to accept food waste
 - EPA Licence or LA Waste Permit
 - Licence from Department of Agriculture to treat food waste

Producer Obligations Option 3

- On site treatment
- E.g. appropriate in-vessel compost unit
- Various makes and models available
- Potential to reduce waste disposal costs
- Potential for community compost facility

On Site Compost Units





On Site Treatment - Authorisation





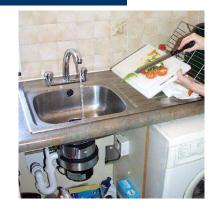
- Obtain waste authorisation in accordance with Waste Management (Facility Permit and Certificate of Registration) Regulations, 2007
- Certificate of Registration where food waste < 50 tonnes pa

Trade Shows, Exhibitions & Events

- Regulations apply to events as prescribed under Section 230 of the Planning & Development Act
- Other event > 10 continuous days or > 20 cumulative days
- Organisers <u>must</u>:
 - Ensure compliance with the regulations
 - Ensure producer supplying food at the event is compliant
 - Prepare a food waste management plan prior to event
 - Prepare a food waste management implementation report after the event

Use of Macerators

- The use of a macerator is NOT permitted where a separate food waste collection service is available
- In any case, the use of a macerator is NOT permitted unless in accordance with a Trade Effluent Discharge Licence under the Local Government (Water Pollution) Act, 1977





Use of Macerators

- Increase load on sewer network & treatment plant
- Increase generation of sludge
- Can cause blockages from deposits in pipes
- Fats, oils, grease

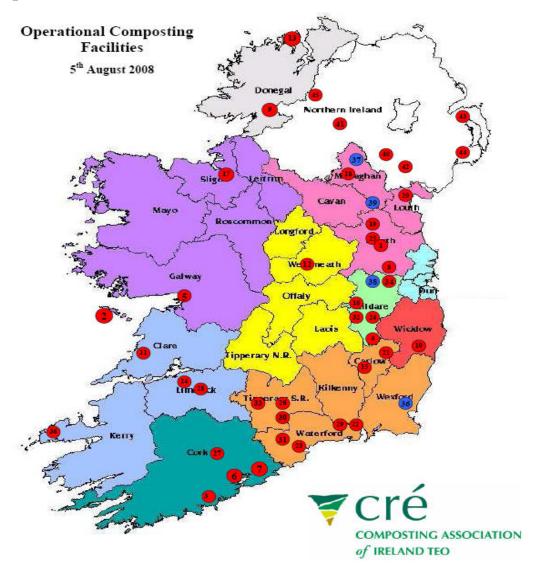




Who Will Enforce the Regulations?

- Cork County Council may require:
 - A food waste management implementation report once a year
 - Information & evidence regarding use, type, quantity, origin, management arrangements and destination of food waste
 - Annual Environmental Report for the previous calendar year

Compost Facilities in Ireland



Compost Facilities in Ireland

- 41 Compost facilities in ROI (approx)
- 7 facilities are licensed to accept food waste
- The remaining facilities consist of
 - Green waste composting
 - Sludge composting

Facilities in Cork

- 5 Compost facilities in Cork
 - Green waste & sludges
- These facilities do not accept catering waste at the moment
 - Facilities in nearby Counties
 - Transfer Stations if authorised
 - Expectation existing facilities will develop potential to treat food waste in the future

In Summary

- Provision of the regulations come into effect on 01 July 2010
- All producers must source segregate food waste
- Source segregated food waste must be transferred to an authorised treatment process by an authorised collector or the producer, or alternatively treated on site
- Small Producers must submit declaration for derogation by 01 July 2010

Thank You